

Federal Funding for Research and Prevention Programs

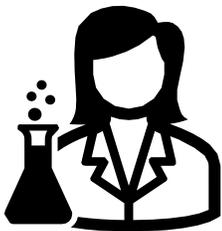
The United States is facing an epidemic of two of the most prevalent chronic diseases: diabetes and obesity. These diseases jeopardize the physical and financial health of our nation. Diabetes is the most expensive chronic disease and is the seventh leading cause of death in the U.S. It is essential that Congress allocate robust funding to support targeted research and prevention programs and ensure sustainability of the federal entities conducting research and prevention programs. An investment in these federally funded research and programs is not solely an investment in the wellbeing of those affected by diabetes, but a commitment to combating the rising rates of chronic conditions, including obesity, across our nation. Obesity is linked to up to 53% of new cases of type 2 diabetes each year. By prioritizing and supporting research and prevention programs, Congress will help reduce the burden of diabetes and obesity on individuals, families, and society.

The American Diabetes Association® (ADA) urges Congress to fund and reauthorize these essential programs.



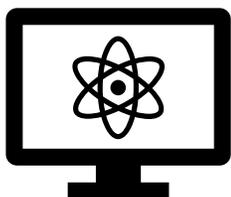
Reauthorize and Fund SDP/SDPI

- The Special Diabetes Program (SDP) comprises two programs, the Special Statutory Funding Program for Type 1 Diabetes Research (SDP-type 1) and the Special Diabetes Program for Indians (SDPI). Both components provide a clear return on investment. The ADA urges Congress to **reauthorize the SDP/SDPI** for five years and provide robust continued funding for these programs.



Provide Robust Funding for the NIDDK

- The National Institutes of Health's (NIH's) National Institute of Diabetes and Digestive and Kidney Diseases (NIDDK) is the primary federal agency that conducts research to find a cure and advance care and treatment for diabetes. NIDDK research has led to significant advances in diabetes treatments and prevention—including the development of continuous glucose monitors (CGMs) which keep people healthier and reduce emergency room visits.
- The ADA urges Congress to increase funding for **NIDDK for FY 2027**.



Support the DDT, National DPP, and DNPAO Programs

- The Division of Diabetes Translation (DDT) at the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) works to reduce diabetes incidence through research, education, and translating science into clinical practice.
- The ADA supports the DDT's National Diabetes Prevention Program (National DPP), an evidenced-based program that is proven to reduce type 2 diabetes risk in adults with prediabetes by 58% (71% for those 60 and older).
- The Division of Nutrition, Physical Activity, and Obesity (DNPAO) leads critical work in research, education, and funding evidence-based community programs to address obesity. It also supports nutrition programs and increased physical activity.
- The ADA urges Congress to increase funding for the **DDT, National DPP, and DNPAO for FY 2027**.