

Federal programs across the NIH and CDC are essential to South Carolina's fight against diabetes. Cuts threaten the research, prevention, and infrastructure supporting the 533,300 adults in South Carolina living with diabetes.<sup>1</sup>

## **NIDDK** | National Institute of Diabetes and Digestive & Kidney Diseases

**Current Funding: \$8.9M**

- The NIDDK currently funds **17 projects** across South Carolina, with **\$1.7M** committed to diabetes-related research in 2024 alone.<sup>1,2</sup>
- The NIDDK supports **6 active clinical trials**.<sup>3</sup>
- Cuts would threaten this nationwide research engine that advances care and improves health outcomes for over 530,000 South Carolinians.



**\$8.9M** Supporting  
**17** Projects



**6**  
Clinical Trials

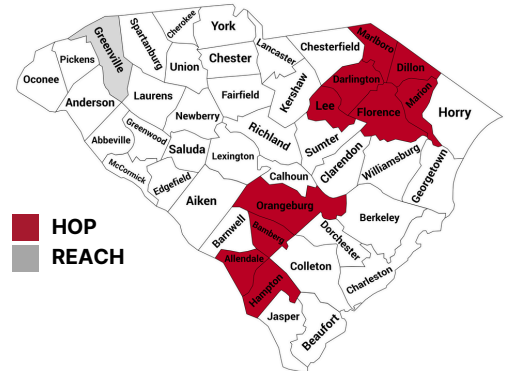


**\$1.7M**  
in Diabetes Research

## **DNPAO** | CDC Division of Nutrition, Physical Activity, and Obesity

**FY 2024 Funding: \$1.7M**

- Cuts would affect **11 counties** working to reduce the risk of chronic conditions through nutrition access, physical activity infrastructure, and obesity prevention:
  - **\$768,000** to Clemson University for the High Obesity Program (HOP).
  - **\$902,260** to LiveWell Greenville for Racial and Ethnic Approaches to Community Health (REACH) programs.<sup>4</sup>



## **National DPP** | CDC National Diabetes Prevention Program

- National DPP supports diabetes prevention programs for **over 10,000 enrollees** offered by **34 organizations** across **23 cities**.<sup>5,6</sup>
- Cuts would disrupt access to evidence-based lifestyle interventions shown to reduce the risk of type 2 diabetes by **58%** in adults and **71%** among seniors.<sup>7</sup>



**10,912** South Carolinians  
across 23 Cities

## **DDT** | CDC Division of Diabetes Translation

**Current Funding: \$2.4M**

- Cuts would threaten **over \$2M** that supports the South Carolina Department of Public Health in tracking, preventing, and managing diabetes.<sup>5</sup>



**35** Diabetes Self-Management Education  
and Support (DSMES) service providers.

**15,890** South Carolinians with diabetes  
that have used DDT DSMES.

## References

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