



Federal programs across the NIH and CDC are essential to Arkansas' fight against diabetes. Cuts threaten the research, prevention, and infrastructure supporting the 367,300 adults in Arkansas living with diabetes.¹

NIDDK | National Institute of Diabetes and Digestive & Kidney Diseases

Current Funding: \$2.1M

- The NIDDK currently funds **5 projects** across Arkansas, with **\$1M** committed to diabetes-related research in 2024 alone.^{1,2}
- The NIDDK supports **1 active clinical trial** in the state.³
- Cuts would threaten this nationwide research engine that advances care and improves health outcomes for hundreds of thousands of Arkansans.



\$2.1M Supporting
5 Projects



1
Clinical Trial

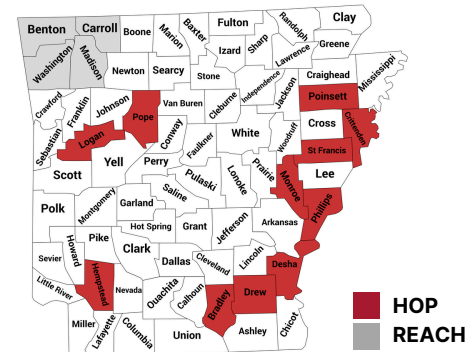


\$1M
in Diabetes Research

DNPAO | CDC Division of Nutrition, Physical Activity, and Obesity

FY 2024 Funding: \$1.7M

- Cuts would affect **15 counties** working to reduce the risk of chronic conditions through nutrition access, physical activity infrastructure, and obesity prevention:
 - **\$780,000** to the University of Arkansas for the High Obesity Program (HOP).
 - **\$902,261** to the University of Arkansas for Medical Sciences for the Racial and Ethnic Approaches to Community Health (REACH) program.⁴



National DPP | CDC National Diabetes Prevention Program

FY 2023 Funding: \$900,000⁵

- National DPP supports diabetes prevention programs for **nearly 4,000 enrollees** offered by **12 organizations** across **6 cities**.^{6,7}
- Cuts would disrupt access to evidence-based lifestyle intervention shown to reduce the risk of type 2 diabetes by **58%** in adults and **71%** among seniors.⁸



3,915 Arkansans across
6 Cities

DDT | CDC Division of Diabetes Translation

Current Funding: \$1.9M

- Cutting DDT would threaten **nearly \$2M** that supports the Arkansas Department of Health in tracking, preventing, and managing diabetes.⁶



27 Diabetes Self-Management Education and Support (DSMES) service providers.
6,439 Arkansans with diabetes that have used DDT DSMES.

References

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